Total	No. of	Questions	:	12]

P2358

May-2017

SEAT No.: [Total No. of Pages : 2

[5156] - 301 SYMCA

Engg Advanced Java (2013 Course) (Semester-III) Time: 3 Hours! [Max. Marks: 50 Instructions to the candidates: Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. Figures to the right side indicate full marks. 2) Assume Suitable data if necessary 3) QI) a) What are the steps to connect oracle 10g server with JDBC in netbeans. [5] Illustrate with diagram the JDBC driver models. b) [4] OR (Q2) a) What is JDBC? Explain its advantages and features. [6] What is J2EE and what makes J2EE suitable for distributed multitier b) applications? [3] (03) a) Write a Java program on showing the demonstration of servlet config interface. State the difference between sessions and cookies in servlets. b) [2] OR Define the Servlet Life Cycle diagrammatically. **Q4**) a) What is the difference between ServletContext and ServletConfig? [4] b) Q5) a) Explain in details. [4] JSP directives JSP implicit objects State the JSP action elements. And explain<jsp:forward>? element.[4] b) OR How the JSP pages are processed on the web server? 06) a) [2] What is session bean? What are the two types and when to use session b) Beans. Illustrate? [6]

P.T.O.

Q7) a	What are Java Beans? What are the uses of introspection in Java Beans	ans?
		[4]
b	Write the SimpleBean code for "Student details?	[5]
	OR	
Q8) a	Write a note on: (any three)	[6]
	i) JNDI context	
	ii) Initial context	
	iii) Session context and	
	iv) EJB context	
b) Explain the use of session facade?	[3]
Q9) a	What is spring? List out the advantages of spring framework?	[6]
. b		[2]
	OR	
Q10)	a) Describe spring MVC module.	[4]
	b) Explain the tabular difference between Bean factory and applicat	17.4
		[4]
Q11) a	a) What is Hibernate? Explain get and load method of Hibernate	
	The method of Thochate.	[6]
	(HOL)	
	OR	[2]
Q12)	a) Write a short description of following methods of Hibernate:	[6]
	i) Save	on/
	ii) Persist	
	iii) Save or update	
t) List out the annotations used for Hibernate mapping in Hiberna	ate
	application.	[2]
	++++	
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Ivia	SEAT No.:
P23	
	[5156] - 302
	S.Y. MCA
	Database Management System
	(2013 Pattern) (Semester-III)
Time	2:3 Hours
Insu	uctions to the candidates:
	 Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. Figures to the right side indicatefull marks.
	3) Assume Suitable data if necessary
0.71	
QI)	Explain the structure of DBMS. [10]
	OR
Q2)	Explain database language and database abstraction of DBMS. [10]
	[10] and database abstraction of DBMS.
Q3)	Explain with example how EER diagram convert into tables. [8]
	OR [8]
Q4)	Draw ER diagram of Project Management System. Each project's task having time bound and priority, which are distributed.
	time bound and priority, which are distributed within company employees of different departments. Employees having 1888
	of different departments. Employees having different skillsets. Every year company gone through the appraisal of ample
	company gone through the appraisal of employees to give promotion. Also
	as per the requirements new candidates are appointed in various departments.
05)	
2-1	State and explain all the TCL statements with syntax and examples. [8]
	OR
Q6)	integrity Constraints with example
	Discuss on - "Systematic Treatment of NIII I Values"
<i>Q7</i>)	State and explain all the aggregate functions with syntax and examples. [8]
	OR OR
Q8)	Difference between procedure and f
	Difference between procedure and function in PL/SQL with syntax and
	[8]

P.T.O.

Q9) State normalization. Explain with example 2NF.	[8]
OR	
Q10) State and explain normalization with its need.	[8]
Q11) a) How you relate Big Data with Non-Relational database?	[5]
b) Explain the term NoSQL.	[5]
	[3]
OR OR	ro1
Q12) Discuss. How Big data is helpful in finance?	[8]
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Total No.	of Questions : 12] SEAT No. :	
P2360	[5156] - 303 [Total No. of Page	es: Z
	[5156] - 303	
	SYMCA (Under Faculty of Engg.)	
	Operating Systems	
	(2013 Course) (Semester-III)	
Time: 31	Hours] [Max. Marks	: 50
	ons to the candidates:	
1)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.	
2)	Figures to the right side indicate full marks.	
3)	Use of Calculator is allowed.	
4)	Assume suitable data, if necessary.	
Q1) a)	Explain the PASS-I of assembler.	[4]
b)	Explain an relocating loader with its advantages and disadvantages.	[3]
c)	Compare application software and system software.	[2]
	OR A	
Q2) a)	Explain	[3]
22) (1)	i) Real Time Operating System.	[o]
	ii) Time Sharing Operating System	
b)	Define	[6]
0,	i) Cross Compiler	[A]

Q3) a) Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in milliseconds. [5]

Optimizing Compiler

Bootstrap Compiler

ii) iii)

Process	Burst Time	Arrival Time	Priority
P1	\) 8	0	4
P2	6	1	6
P3	7	3	3
P4	9	3	1

Illustrate the execution of these process using non pre-emptive SJF and priority pre-emptive CPU scheduling algorithms. Also calculate average waiting time?

b) What is process? What is process control block(PCB)? Explain in detail.

[3]

OR

P.T.O.

Q4)	(a)	Explain preemptive priority process scheduling algorithm with the l	nelp
		or example.	[4]
	b)	Explain context switching?	[2]
	c)	Write a note on interrupt mechanism	[2]
Q5)	a)	Explain the requirements of Mutual exclusion.	[4]
	b)	Explain deadlock prevention techniques.	[4]
		OR	[4]
<i>Q6</i>)	a)	Explain characteristics of Deadlock.	[4]
	b)	Write a note on race condition.	[2]
	c)	Write a note on Semaphores.	
			[2]
<i>Q7</i>)	a)	What is swapping? Explain how the space is allocated using swapping	2[3]
	b)	Write a note with respect to contiguous memory management scheme	[3]
		i) Sharing	,.[J]
		ii) Protection	
		iii) Access Time	
	c)	Explain the concept of fetch and replacement.	[2]
	-	OR	[3]
Q8)	a) V	Explain the concept of segmentation? What is paged segmentation?	[2]
	b)	Why demand paging approach is preferred over segmentation? Explai	[3]
	c)	Write a note on virtual memory management.	
			[3]
Q9)	a)	Explain two level, tree structured and acyclic graph directories.	[4]
	b)	Write a note on file protection.	[4]
		OR	[4]
Q10)	(a)	What are the different issues related to disk performance? Explain	- Annual C
		one disk scheduling algorithm with suitable example.	-
	b)	Explain file system structure	[4]
			[4]
211)	a)	Explain the following terms:	
		i) Linux Kernel	
		ii) Virtual file system in Linux	
	b)	Explain process management system call.	[4]
	0)	Account to the second s	[4]
212)	2)	OR Draw and explain the basis stand	
212)	a)	Draw and explain the basic structure of Linux File System.	[4]
	b)	Explain any four shell commands with example.	[4]

4	3)	2)	Time: 3					P2361	Total No	
Assume Su	Use of pro	Neat diagra	Instructions to the candidates:		Obj	S.Y.N			Total No. of Questions: 12]	
Assume Suitable data if necessary.	Use of probability table, electronic nacket calculator is allowed	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.	rdidates:	(2013 F	Object Oriented Analysis and Design	S.Y.M.C.A. (Under Engineering Faculty) .	1			
necessary.	electronic n	iwn wherever		(2013 Pattern) (Semester-III)	ted Analy	nder Engi	[5156] - 304	17	オーシー	
ocuet curent	ks.	necessary.		emester-I	sis and I	neering l	04	7		5
C	tor is allow.			II))esign	Faculty) .		[Total No	SEAT No.:	
e.	2		[Max. Marks: 50					[Total No. of Pages: 2		

QI) a) Explain Rumbaugh's Object Modeling Technique in brief

9 What are two views of Software Development? State the difference between them OR 4

Q2) a) 6) Describe The Booch Methodology that helps to design the system using object paradigm. Explain how Iterative and Incremental architecture approach are modeled

Q3) a) List the relevant changes in features and enhancements in UML 2.0[4] in UML?

6) Draw a Use Case diagram for Online Transaction Management System (e-shopping). Make necessary assumptions.

Q4) a) 6) Which are various behavioral diagrams in UML 2.0? Explain role of with suitable example. What is the difference between <<include>> and <<extend>>.Explain

Q5) a) Explain the following adornment on association: Association names, Qualified Association, Association Classes, N-ary Association 4

6 Give reverse and forward engineering of a Class diagram. 210212.188

<u>E</u>

P.T.O.

- Q6) a) Explain Realization and Dependency relationship with example. 4 4
- 5 Draw an Object diagram for Hotel Management system
- Q7) a) Explain the features Lifeline and Focus of Control with respect to sequence diagram. [4]
- **b**) Explain the concept of Combined Fragments

Draw sequence diagram for the following scenario

Q8) a)

- Search the phone number in directory
- Dial the number and place the call
- 9 What are communication diagrams? What are the notations used for communication diagram. 4
- Q9) a) Explain partitions and regions with respect to activity diagram. [4] 4
- 6 Draw a timing diagram for ATM system.

OR

- Q10) a) What are sub-states? Explain sequential sub-states and concurrent substates with suitable diagram.
- b) Draw an activity diagram for elevator system. 4
- Q11) a) How deployment diagram will be useful to fully distributed client and server system?
- 6) Draw package diagram for college admission system

[4]

S [4]

4

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Total No	o. of Questions : 12] SEAT No. :	
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	[5156] - 305	
	S.Y.M.C.A. (Under Engineering Faculty)	
	Operations Research	
Ti 2	(2013 Pattern) (Semester-III)	Tarks: 50
Time: 3 Instructi	ions to the candidates:	iums . 50
1) 2) 3)	All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed	
4) 5)	Assume suitable data, if necessary. The graph papers will be provided on demand.	
Q1) a)	Solve the following LPP using Simplex Method.	[9]
	Maximize $Z = 2x_1 + x_2$	
,	Subject to $4x_1 + 3x_2 \le 12$,	
0	$4x_1 + x_2 \le 8,$	
	$4x_1 - x_2 \le 8$,	
	Maximize $Z = 2x_1 + x_2$ Subject to $4x_1 + 3x_2 \le 12$, $4x_1 + x_2 \le 8$, $4x_1 - x_2 \le 8$, where $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ OR Solve the following LPP by graphical method.	. (~
(12) (2)	Solve the following LPP by graphical method.	[6]
Q2) a)	Maximize $Z = 6x_1 + 8x_2$	American
	Subject to $5r + 10r < 60$	5
	Subject to $5x_1 + 10x_2 \le 60$, $4x_1 + 4x_2 \le 40$,	30
	$10x_1 + 7x_2 \le 35,$	
	$10x_1 + 7x_2 \le 33,$	
1	where $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$	
b)	Define following i) Slack variable	
	ii) Feasible solution	
	iii) Optimum solution	[3]
		P.T.O.
	Solve the following LPP by graphical method. Maximize $Z = 6x_1 + 8x_2$. Subject to $5x_1 + 10x_2 \le 60$, $4x_1 + 4x_2 \le 40$, $10x_1 + 7x_2 \le 35$, where $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ Define following i) Slack variable ii) Feasible solution iii) Optimum solution	1.1.0.

Q3) a) Solve following transportation problem to minimize the total transportation cost. Give the transportation. schedule. Use VAM method to obtain initial basic feasible solution
 [8]

		A	В	C	D	Е	Capacity
36	P	1	2	6	2	3	800
Source	Q.	13	4	5	8	1	600
33	R	3	T	1	2	6	200
	SQ	40	57	3	5	4	400
	Demand	400	100	700	300	500	

OR

Q4) a) A company is faced with the problem of assigning 4 machines to 6 different jobs (one machine to one job only). The profits are estimated as below. Solve the Assignment problem to maxmize the total profit.[6]

	2		N		
1 0	9.	A	В	С	&D
Jobs	1	3	6	2	6 6
	2	7	1	4 %	4
	3	3	8	50	8
	4	6	4,0	3.	7
	_ 5	5	2	14	3
	6	3	0,0	8	4

b) Write a short note on Degeneracy in the Transportation problem. [2]

Q5) a) Using the following table

ag and rome	Ting tubic	, 4	
Activity	to	o ^{tx} tm	Тр
1-2	1 0-	1	7
1-3	1,00	4	7
1-4	2,	2	8
2-5	Vi	1	1
3-5	2	5	14
3-5 4-6	2	5	8
5-6	3	6	15

- i) Draw a network diagram
- ii) Find the expected duration and variance for each activity.
- iii) Find critical path
- iv) What is the expected project length?

OR

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Q6) Find the sequence that minimizes the total elapsed time (in hours) required to complete the following tasks on two machines. Calculate total elapsed time and idle time for both machines.
[8]

Task	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I
Machine I	2	5	4	90	6	8	7	5	4
Machine II	6	8	7	4.	3	9	3	8	11

- Q7) a) What is goal programming? Explain any one methods to solve goal programming problem. [4]
 - b) Explain Minimum Spanning Tree.

OR

Q8) Consider the details of a distance network as shown below

[4]

[8]

Arc	Distance	Arc	Distance
1-2	6	5-6	13
1-3, %	7	5-8	9
1-4	10	6-7	5
2-3	8	6-8	4
2-5	4	6-9	8.7
3-4	6	6-10	33
3-5	11	7-9	10
3-6	3	8-10	10
3-7	5	9-10	? 9
4-7	7	60	
1-3 1-4 2-3 2-5 3-4 3-5 3-6 3-7	7 10 8 4 6 11 3	5-8 6-7 6-8 6-9 6-10 7-9 8-10	9 5 4 8 3 10 10

- a) construct the distance network
- b) Find the minimum spanning tree using Kruskl's algorithm.

Q9) A manufacture of a new detergent powder consisting of three varieties viz super, find and glow has to decide the appropriate variety of detergent to be lanuched on the basis of the following estimated payoffs according to sales-levels.

[8]

Detergent Variety	Estimated Levels of sales(units)			
	50000	25000	15000	
Super	45	30	20	
Fine	60	45	15	
Glow	75	50	10	

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Determine the optical decision using

- Minimax criterion a)
- Regret criterion b)
- Laplace criterion c)
- Hurwicz criterion, for $\alpha = 0.5$ d)

Q10) A newspaper boy has the following probabilities of selling a magazine.[8]

No. of copies sold	probability
10	0.10
114 6	0.15
(12 5)	0.20
U130×	0.25
14.	0.30

Cost of a copy is 30 paise and sale price is 50 paise. He cannot return unsold copies. How many copies should he order? Determine EVPI?

Q11) a) Using multiplicative congruential method generate 7 random numbers with b = 17, c = 111, m = 103 and the seed = 7 [5]

b) What is simulation. Explain merits and demerits of simulation [4]

Q12) a) Given the following information of cancellation of taxis per day at a travel agency.

Number of cancellation	Probability		
0	0.35		
1	0.22		
2	0.18		
3	0.10		
4	0.15		

Simulate Cancellation of taxis for the next 10 days using random numbers.

75 84 45 55 92 20 43 58 85 Random 62

What are random numbers? Why they are called Pseudo-random [3] b)

