

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P2620

[5153]-596

[Total No. of Pages : 3

T.E. (Information Technology)

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

(2012 Course) (Semester - II) (End Semester) (314449)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8, Q.9 or Q.10.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

**Q1)** a) Prove by method of contradiction that “There is no greatest even integer”. [5]

b) Write an Algorithm for binary search and find the worst case efficiency. [5]

OR

**Q2)** a) Set up a recurrence relation to compute  $n!$  and solve it. [5]

b) Consider the following letters with their probability. [5]

Character	a	b	c	d	e
Probability	0.5	0.25	0.125	0.0625	0.031

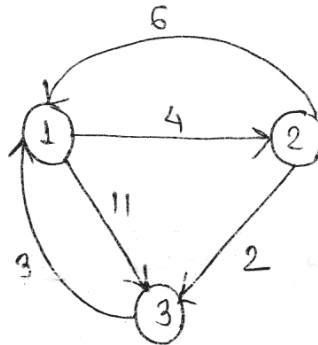
Find out Huffman coding for a, b, c, d, e.

**Q3)** a) Show the steps in multiplying the following two integers using efficiency integer multiplication method  $2101 \times 1130$ . [5]

b) Write Warshall’s algorithm to find transitive closure. [5]

OR

**Q4)** a) Solve the all pairs shortest path problem for the given graph: [5]



P.T.O.

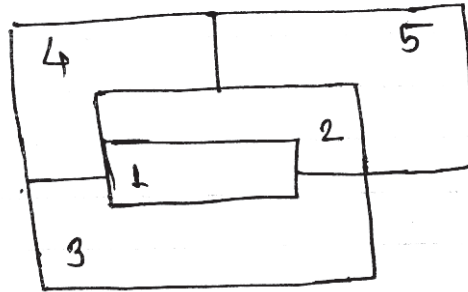
- b) Explain the concept of divide and conquer technique. Write Master theorem. [5]

**Q5)** a) Let  $W = \{5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 18\}$ ,  $M = 30$ . Find all possible subsets of  $W$  that sum to  $M$ . Draw the portion of state space tree that is generated. [8]

- b) Write a recursive backing algorithm for M-coloring of the graph. [8]

OR

**Q6)** a) Construct planar graph for following map. Explain how to find M-colorings of this planar graph by using M-colorings backtracking algorithm. [8]



- b) Write a recursive backtracking algorithm for sum of subset problem. [8]

**Q7)** What is travelling salesman problem? Find the solution of following travelling salesman problem using branch and bound method. [18]

$\infty$	20	30	10	11
15	$\infty$	16	4	2
3	5	$\infty$	2	4
19	6	18	$\infty$	3
16	4	7	16	$\infty$

Cost Matrix

OR

- Q8)** a) What is LC search? Explain in detail control abstraction for LC search. [8]  
b) Solve the following instance of 0/1 knapsack problem by FIFO branch and bound approach :  $n = 4$ ,  $M = 15$  and  $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4) = (10, 10, 12, 18)$ ;  $(W_1, W_2, W_3, W_4) = (2, 4, 6, 9)$  [10]

- Q9)** a) Specify one example of NP-complete problem. Also justify that why it is NP-complete. [8]  
b) Explain pointer doubling algorithm. [8]

OR

- Q10)** a) Explain the need and significance of parallel algorithms. Define the speedup of parallel algorithm. [8]  
b) Prove that Vertex Cover problem is NP complete. [8]

