

T.E. (Information Technology) (Semester - II)

OPERATING SYSTEM

(2012 Pattern)

Time : 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8, Q9 or Q10.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

Q1) a) Explain micro kernel design approach? How will you decide that your requirement meets the criteria For micro kernel design? [5]

b) What resources are used when thread is created? How do they differ From those used when a process is created? [5]

Q2) a) Explain the concept of Context Switching with the help of neat diagram. [5]

b) Discuss multilevel Feedback queue scheduling in UNIX. [5]

Q3) a) For the table given below, draw a Gantt chart illustrating the process execution using non preemptive priority scheduling. A larger no indicates higher priority. Calculate average waiting time. [5]

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time	Priority
A	0	5	4
B	2	4	2
C	2	2	6
D	4	4	3

b) Explain message passing system For IPC and synchronization. [5]

OR

Q4) a) Write the structure of producer and consumer process in bounded buffer problem using semaphore and discuss how critical section requirements are fulfilled. [5]

b) Provide two programming examples in which multithreading provides better performance than a single-threaded solution. [5]

Q5) a) Consider the page reference string with 3 frames. [9]

A, B, C, D, E, C, D, A, F, G, H, I, G, H, I, G, H, I, E, D, E, D, B

Calculate the no of page Faults For Following page replacement algorithms.

- i) FIFO
- ii) OPTIMAL
- iii) LRU

b) Describe how Linux implements the following aspects of memory management. [9]

- i) Virtual memory addressing
- ii) Page allocation
- iii) Page replacement algorithm
- iv) Kernel memory allocation

OR

Q6) a) Explain Belady's anomaly with suitable example. [4]

b) What is cause of thrashing? How does the system detect thrashing? How the system can eliminate it? [6]

c) Explain the address translation mechanism in paging and segmentation. [8]

Q7) a) Assume a disk with 200 tracks and the disk request queue has random requests in it as Follows: 98,183,37,122,14,124,65,67 Find the no of tracks traversed and average seek length If [8]

- i) FCFS
- ii) SSTF
- iii) SCAN
- iv) C-SCAN is used and initially head is at track no 53.

b) Explain different file organization techniques. [8]

OR

Q8) a) Why I/O buffering is needed? State and explain different approaches of I/O buffering. [6]

b) Is disk scheduling, other than FCFS, useful in a single user environment. Explain u r answer. [6]

c) What are different disk performance parameter? [4]

Q9) a) With neatly labelled diagram explain embedded Linux system architecture. [8]

b) Explain following operations wrt NACH OS. [8]

i) Modes of operations

ii) Multiprogramming

OR

Q10) Write short notes on : [16]

a) Ubuntu EDGE

b) Android OS

c) Service Oriented OS

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