

[5253]-192

T.E. (I.T.)

THEORY OF COMPUTATION

(2012 Pattern) (End Semester)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

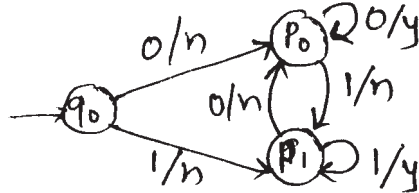
Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*

Q1) a) Define the following with suitable examples [4]

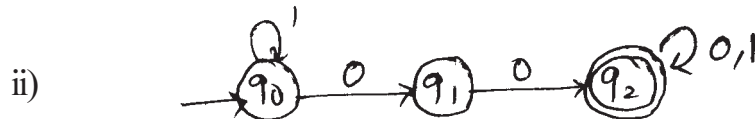
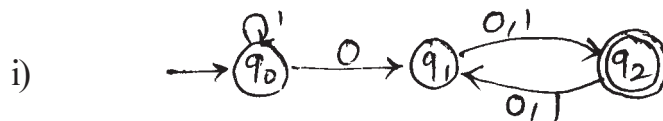
- i) FA
- ii) Regular Expression

b) Convert Mealy machine to Moore machine. [6]



OR

Q2) a) Find the regular expression for the following : [4]



b) Prove that the following language is non regular, using pumping lemma. [6]

$$L = \{a^n b^n \mid n > 0\}$$

P.T.O.

- Q3)** a) Write a CFG which generates the language L denoted by [6]
 i) $(a+b)^*bbb(a+b)^*$
 ii) $\{0^m 1^n 0^{m+n} | m, n \geq 0\}$

- b) Write short note on chomsky hierarchy. [4]

OR

- Q4)** a) Convert the following grammar into GNF [4]

$$S \rightarrow ABA | AB | BA | AA | A | B$$

$$A \rightarrow aA | a$$

$$B \rightarrow bB | b$$

- b) Define the following with suitable example. [6]

- i) Chomsky normal form
 ii) Leftmost derivation
 iii) Regular grammar

- Q5)** a) Design a post machine that accepts the following language. [8]
 $L = \{a^n b^n a^n | n \geq 0\}$

- b) Explain the following using suitable examples. [8]
 i) Acceptance of a CFL by empty stack by a PDA.
 ii) Acceptance of a CFL by final state by a PDA.

OR

- Q6)** a) Construct a PDA for the language described as “The set of all strings over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ with equal no. of a’s and b’s. [8]

- b) Give formal definitions of PDA and PM. Compare them. [8]

- Q7)** a) Design a TM that adds two unary numbers. Show stepwise functioning of TM for the input: 11 + 111 [10]
- b) Write a short note on : [8]
- i) Power of TM over finite state machine.
- ii) Universal turing machine

OR

- Q8)** a) Construct TM for the following : [10]
- i) Language consisting of string having any number of 0's & even no. of 1's over $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$.
- ii) Increment the value of any binary number by one.
- b) Define TM. Explain its working. Give the types of TM & applications of the same. [8]
- Q9)** a) What is reducibility? What are undecidable problems? Describe at least four undecidable problems in case of TMs. [8]
- b) Write a short note on encoding of TM. [8]

OR

- Q10)** a) Write a short note on church Turing hypothesis. [4]
- b) Describe at least four undecidable problems in case of CFGs. [4]
- c) Define recursively enumerable languages and recursive languages with suitable example. [8]

