P.T.O.	algorithm. [6]	(b) Draw and explain the flowchart of restoring division	2. (a) Show the general structure of IAS Computer and explain. [6]	Or 10/8	brief seven RAID levels.		Multiplicand = +11	1. (a) Multiply the following using Booth' algorithm [6]	(iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary.	(iii) Use of calculator is allowed.	(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	N.B. :— (i) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.	Time : Two Hours Maximum Marks : 50	(2015 PATTERN)	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE	S.E. (Computer) (I Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2017	No. [5152]-564	NO. OI Questions—o] [Iotal ino. of limited lages—	N of Occasions of The Principle N		
[5152]-564	can deal with conditional branch instructions. [7]	(b) List and explain various ways in which an instruction pipeline	6. (a) Explain the instruction cycle in detail. [6]	Or	implementation: [6]	(b) Write a short note on superscalar execution and superscalar	Explain.	5. (a) What are various hazards in instruction pipelining?	(b) What is machine instruction? Explain types of instructions. [6]	driven I/O. [6]	4. (a) Differentiate between programmed I/O and interrupt	Or Or	(19)	(iii) Direct Addressing	(ii) Register Indirect	(i) Immediate	each:	(b)	3 (a) What is the use of DMA Explain cycle stealing in DMA. [6]	Post of the second seco	

- 7. (a) Compare horizontal and vertical microinstruction format. [6]
- (b) Explain in detail microinstruction sequencing organization. [7]

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- 8. (a) Compare Hardwired control over micro-programmed control. [6]
- (b) Write a control sequence for the following instruction for single bus organization: ADD (R3), R1.

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